

GMP 2024-GOLD MEDAL PROFIL

KEY PERFORMANCE FACTORS FOR BOCCIA - UPDATE FOR 2024 SELECTION



SCORING SCALE				
8	Innovative / Exceptionnal			
7	Excellent			
6	Very good			
5	Good			
4	Average			
3	Acquiring			
2	Under developped			
1	Not demonstrated			

	TECHNICAL				Соас	ch evaluat	tion result	ts (Boccia	Canada A	(pps)	
PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DESCRIPTIONS			BENCHMARK AND EVALUATION GRID (considering top international athletes)								
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	Type of shot Description	Expected outcome		FBC1	MBC1	(consider FBC2	ing top int MBC2	ernationa FBC3	l athletes) MBC3	FBC4	MBC4
			8	80% +	80% +	88% +	90% +	92% +	92% +	88%+	88%+
			7	65-79%			80-89%				75-87%
		To secure court-position to make difficult the	6 5				75-79%				70-74% 65-69%
FIRST BALL	First ball delivered after the jack.	next shot for the opponent.	4	35-44%			65-69%				
		next shot for the opponent.	3	25-34%			60-64%				
			2	15-24%	15-24%	28-54%	30-59%	35-44%	35-44%	28-54%	28-54%
			1	14% -	14% -	27% -	29% -	34% -	34% -	27% -	27% -
			8	75%+	80% +	86%+	86%+	90%+	90% +	88%+	90% +
			-6				70-85%				
	A shot played to deliver a ball in a specific		6 50-59% 5 5 40-49% 4							70-74%	
PLACEMENT	area.	To delivere the ball into a specific target area.	4				55-59%				
		3	20-29%	25-34%	50-54%	50-54%	60-64%	60-64%	55-59%	60-64%	
			2	10-19%			25-49%				30-59%
			1	9% -	14% -	24% -	24%-	29% -	29% -	27% -	29% -
			8	80% +	80% +	86% +	90% + 80-89%	90% + 80-89%	90% + 80-89%	88%+ 75-87%	88%+
	A shot in which the player pushes own hall	7 65-79% 65-79% 70-85% 80-89% 6 55-64% 55-64% 65-69% 75-79% To secure optimal court-position or to score 5 45-54% 45-54% 60-64% 70-74%									
DUCU	A shot in which the player pushes own ball										
PUSH	closer into a target area :	points.	4							70-74%65-69%65-69%60-64%60-64%	
	e.g. jack ball or scoring space.	·	3				60-64%				
			2	15-24%			30-59%				
			1	14% - 70% +	14% - 75% +	24% - 80% +	29% - 88% +	29% - 92% +	29% - 90% +	27% - 88% +	27% - 90% +
			8 7				88% + 75-87%				
			6				70-74%				
	A shot in which the player pushes opposition		5								70-74%
DISPLACEMENT	ball away from the specific target.	To create a space for the opportunity to score.	4				60-64%				
	,		3	15-24%	20-29%	25-34%	55-59%	45-54%	60-64%	55-59%	60-64%
			2	05-14%			28-54%				
			1	4% -	9%-	14% -	27% -	34% -	29% -	27% -	29% -
			8	65% +	75%+	75% + 60-74%	80% +			86% +	88% + 75-87%
		To move a specific hall, which the player is	6				55-64%			65-69%	
LOB	An aerial shot played to move a target ball by	To move a specific ball, which the player is	5			40-49%					65-69%
(Throwers)	attacking over a ball.	unable to displace on	4			30-39%		Ν	A	55-59%	
		the floor.	3			20-29%				50-54%	
			2	10-19%		10-19%				25-49%	
			1	9% -	9% -	9% -	14% -			24% -	27% -

	TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DESCRIPTIONS		
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	PERFORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE ATHLETES	PERFORI HI	
BC3 Box utilization & Ramp Alignement.	On their throw, the athlete automatically cconsiders every throwing line and communicates efficiently to their ramp operator (RO) where they want the feet of the ramp to be. The RO manipulates the ramp in a timely manner. The athlete utilize every available part of their throwing box and court positions to line up their ramp. (Lateral box, behind the box, back and both sides of the box). The athlete will ask their ramp operator (RO), to swap position with the ramp when it is necessary, to maximize angles.	1-2 = Fulfills none o	
		3-4 = Meets sor	
		5-6 = Fulfills mo	
	The athlete is mindful of making use of the best point of contact on the balls, to optimize results.	7-8 = Fulfills al The athlete find c	

ORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE ATHLETES

e or few of the criterias cited in the definition.

ome of the criteria listed in the definition.

nost of the criterias cited in the definition.

all of the criterias cited in the definition. I creative ways to utilize their throwing box.

	TACTICAL			
PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DESCRIPTIONS				
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	PERFORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE ATHLETES	COACH OBSERVATION		
GAME PLANNING	The athlete's ability to effectively prepare a game plan and make the best decisions at the right time throughout the tournament for each of their games, taking into account the abilities of each opponent.	1-2 = No game plan is considered and does r		
		3-4 = Seems to have a game plan but o Tendencies to leave the game		
		5-6 = Always has a game plan and is able to		
		7-8 = Always has a game plan and is able to ac		
	The athlete's ability to make the best possible decisions in each game, based on a realistic perception of own and opponent's skills.	1-2 Does not demonstrate an understanding of all		
DECISION MAKING		3-4 = Make decisions most of the time adequate but		
		5-6 = Takes good decisions and calculated risk		
		7-8 = Always makes good decisions and finds creative		
	The athlete's ability to make the best possible choice of balls in each situation. Decisions are made with consistency and a high level of ball knowledge, taking into account the specific characteristics of each ball.	1-2 = Understands ball options, but does not care er		
		3-4 = Tends to choose the right ball, but does r		
BALL SELECTION		5-6 = Usually chooses the right ball base		
		7-8 = Always choose the right ball according		
		1-2 = Understands throwing options, but does not		
SHOT SELECTION	The athlete considers different types of throws and selects the appropriate throw to achieve their goals. The athlete has a realistic perception of skills.	3-4 = Tends to choose the right shot to do, but does		
SHOT SELECTION		5-6 = Usually chooses the right shot to do base		
		7-8 = Always choose the right shot to do according		
		1-2 = Does not manage their time effectively. U		
	The athlete effectively manages the time needed to analyze situations and	3-4 = Begins to manage their time effect		
TIME MANAGMENT	prepare adequately for throws. The athlete makes adjustments to maximize execution within the allotted time.	5-6 = Manages their time efficie		
		7-8 = Manages their time effectively and Never miss		

ONS AND SCORING

not adjust according to his opponents.

t does not always adjust properly. Ie plan are often observed.

to adjust against opponents he knows.

adjust it effectively against all opponents.

Il options and decision making remains vague.

It often based on inadequate perception of skills.

s based on a realistic perception of abilities.

ve options based on realistic perception of skills.

enough and tends to play the first available ball.

s not rely on a realistic perception of skills.

sed on a realistic perception of skills.

g to the perception of performance skills.

ot care enough and tends to play mechanically.

es not rely on realistic perception of their skills.

sed on a realistic perception of their skills.

ng to the perception of their performance skills.

Usually take too much or not enough time.

ctively but may still run out of time.

iently and rarely lacks time.

d to their advantage in all situations. ss time.

	MENTAL	
	PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DES	CRIPTIONS
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	PERFORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE ATHLETES	COACH OBSERVATIONS
		1-2 = The athlete is distracted by everything that's goin Overall performance
EMOTION	The athlete's ability to manage emotions, to recognize, identify and accept them. The athlete learns to understand and identify the origins of their emotions.	3-4 = The athlete is challenged by emotions and has diffi Overall performance m a
MANAGMENT	They implement effective strategies in competition and training to minimize the impact of these emotions, so as to remain focused on the task and the execution	5-6 = The athlete handles different emotions well and situations. Overall performance is n
	process in the present moment.	7-8 = Use of effectives strategies, the athlete manages em in all situatio No affect on overall pe
	Athletes show self-confidence, believing in themselves, their skills, their potential and their abilities. They have confidence in their training and preparation, and feel ready to perform when they compete. This is evident both on and off the field of play.	1-2 = Athlete shows little o
CONFIDENCE		3-4 = The athlete shows some ability to be confident b performanc
		5-6 = The athlete demonstrates the ability to be conf
		7-8 = The athlete is always confident in all situations a
		1-2 = The athlete does not demonstrat Inability to manage
CONCENTRATION	The athlete takes the necessary time before their throwing routine, They show good concentration on each of their throws throughout the competition. The athlete shows excellent management of own playing time and opponent's playing time.	3-4 = The athlete demonstrates some ability to focu execution. Inconsistency in their tim
		5-6 = The athlete demonstrates the ability to concer adequate. Good time n
		7-8 = The athlete is always focused for all situations a Excellent time man

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ing on and is unable to control their emotions. **ce is affected**.

ifficulty overcoming them in certain situations. may be affected.

Id is able to identify and manage them in most ns.

s mildly affected.

emotions very well and is able to overcome them tions.

performance.

e or no confidence

t but has difficulty demonstrating this in their nce.

nfident and shows this in their performance.

s and demonstrates this in their performance.

ate the ability to concentrate. ge their time.

cus but has difficulty demonstrating this in on.

me management.

centrate in most situations and execution is e management.

and demonstrates this in their performance. anagement.

	MENTAL			
PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DESCRIPTIONS				
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	PERFORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE ATHLETES	COACH OBSERVATIONS		
		1-2 = The athlete lacks resilience and is		
	RESILIENCE The athlete's ability to continue to perform regardless of the unforeseen circumstances they encounter during competition. The athlete is able to recover, adapt and perform well despite adverse circumstances.	3-4 = The athlete shows some ability to be resilient but play.		
RESILIENCE		5-6 = The athlete demonstrates good i		
		7-8 = The athlete is resilient in all situations, a		
	The athlete implements a positive and effective leadership style in order to develop interpersonal relationships based on mutual trust and respect with teammates, coaches and team members. An effective leader is one who guides the team to success and offers support and encouragement when needed.	1-2 = The athlete doesn't show They are not very present an		
LEADERSHIP		3-4 = The athlete demonstrates a certain capaci		
		5-6 = The athlete demonstrates a good o		
		7-8 = The athlete demonstrates a strong capacity with all members of t		
		1-2 = The athlete demonstrates little o		
COMMUNICATION	The athlete is proactive, using open and appropriate communication with teammates and coaches to develop interpersonal relationships based on mutual trust and respect.	3-4 = The athlete demonstrates adeq		
		5-6 = The athlete demonstrates good comm		
		7-8 = The athlete is proactive in his communication, already right words at the right time and the right t		

NS AND SCORING

is often frustrated or indifferent.

t has difficulty demonstrating this on the field of

d resilience in most situations.

always remaining calm and in control.

now leadership ability, and often self-effacing.

acity for positive and negative leadership.

capacity for positive leadership

ty for constructive leadership at all times, f the programs.

or no ability to communicate.

equate communication skills.

munication skills in most situations.

always expressing himself respectfully using the the and in the right way.

	ENVIRONMENT				
PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DESCRIPTIONS					
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	PERFORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE ATHLETES	COACH OBSERVATIO			
	The athlete trains a minimum of 3 times a week in a stable environment, is proactive in finding places to train and attends training every week with diligence throughout the year. They are access to a lined boccia court. Other athletes are present at training and they have access to a stable performance partner involved in his training.	1-2 = Fulfills none or some of the c			
		3-4 = Meets some of the criter			
TRAINING		5-6 = Meets most of the criter			
		7-8 = Meets all the criteria The athlete benefits from the presence of			
	Training level of the coach working with the athlete at training. Evaluation is based on the coach's NCCP level. Coaches must be committed to continuous improvement.	1- A person present at the traini			
		2- Same person systematically prese Experience in boccia			
		3 -Trained Boccia Co			
COACHING		4-Trained introduction to co			
		5- Certified Introduction to Co			
		6- Certified Competition Dev			
		7-Certified Boccia International Experie			
		8- Professional B			
	The athlete has access to the services of a regular performance partner (PP)	1-2 = Fulfills none or very few of the			
PERFORMANCE PARTNER	demonstrate a good attitude. The athlete is able to manage the relationship at all times by communicating their expectations.	3-4 = Fulfills some of the criteria			
		5-6 = Meets some of the criter			
		7-8 = Meets all the criteria The Performance partner contribute to t			

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e criteria listed in the definition.

teria listed in the definition.

eria listed in the definition.

ia listed in the definition. of other high-level athletes in training.

ining no coaching experience.

esent at training with the athlete. cia or other sport.

Community Coach.

competition Boccia coach.

Competition Boccia coach.

Development Boccia coach.

rience High Performance boccia Coach.

l Boccia Coach.

he criteria listed in the definition.

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ia listed in the definition.

o the high performance environement.

	ENVIRONMENT					
	PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DESCRIPTIONS					
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	PERFORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE ATHLETES	COACH OBSERVATIO				
	Athletes makes it a priority to work with specialists. Athlete takes full responsibility in this regard, in consultation with coaches.	1-2 = Consult no specialist or consu				
SPECIALIST	The athlete regularly consults specialists via the resources offered at their local national training centers. (list of boccia specialists: physiotherapist, massage therapist, sports physiologist, mental preparation consultant, psychologist, physical trainer, sexologist, sports	3-4 = Consultations with specialists are limited,				
		5-6 = Consult a few specialists quite frequ				
		7-8 = Frequent consultations with various sports sp plan				
	The athlete always uses high-quality equipment (wheelchairs, balls, ball racks, ramps, straps, stabilizers, pointers) best suited to their style of play. They always look for the best equipment available, and regularly consults their coaches on the subject.	1-2 = Does not have the right equipmer resources to chang				
EQUIPMENT		3-4 = Changes are occasionally made, the equipment Changes are often limite				
EQUIPMENT		5-6 = Equipment is generally good but not fu				
		7-8 = The equipment is excellent, the athlete has a maximize his performance				

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sult once a year without follow-up

ed, showing no interest in organizing meetings.

quently, often at the request of coaches.

specialists align with their individual performance an

ent and does not have the intention or inge the situation.

nt is appropriate but often not personalized enough. ted to ball adjustments.

fully customized to maximize performance.

a range of balls of different densities and is able to ce with all his equipment.

	PHYSICAL	
	PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DESC	CRIPTIONS
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	PERFORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR ATHLETES	COACH OBSERVATIONS
	The athlete implements various recovery strategies to maintain an adequate level of physical and mental energy (concentration) throughout the event.	1-2 = Is always tired or f
Energy		3-4 = Fairly good endurance, but is not able to maint
Management		5-6 = Good endurance level observed and is able to mai
		7-8 = Very good endurance throughout the com
	The evaluator will give a score based on 4 Phases of Movement : Preparation Ability to get into proper throwing position Optimal positioning in the throwing area. Force production Stability and consistency in the posture and throwing routine. Good body alignment towards the target or behind the ramp. Critical instant Fluid release of the ball at the right height. Follow-through & Recovery	Preparation 0= Not demonstrated 1= Under dev
COMBINATION: POSTURE / THROW / Positionning		Force product 0= Not demonstrated 1= Under dev
		Critical instan 0= Not demonstrated 1= Under dev
	Follow-through performed systematically. Consistent repeatability of throws. Ability to return to neutral position.	Follow-through & R 0= Not demonstrated 1= Under dev

IS AND SCORING

or fatigue easily.

ntain the same level for several days in a row.

naintain the same level for several days in a row.

mpetitions, effectively manages fatigue.

on: levelopment **2**=Systematic.

levelopment **2**= Systematic.

tant : levelopment **2**=Systematic.

Recovery : levelopment **2**= Systematic.

	PHYSICAL				
	PERFORMANCE OUTCOME DESCRIPTIONS				
KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER	PERFORMANCE FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR ATHLETES	COACH OBSERVATIONS			
POWER	The athlete generates power adapted to the situation. Thrower: stable, fluid movement. The athlete is able to generate fairly	1-2 = The athlete does not gen			
		3-4 = The athlete is able to generate fairly good pow			
		5-6 = The athlete generates good pow			
		7-8 = The athlete generates very good power and alway			
NUTRITION / HEALTH		1-2 = Insufficient attention, no action			
	The athlete is aware that Nutrition/hydratation has an impact on	3-4 = Actions are made to take of 5-6 = A specific plan is put in plac Particular attention is paid to the a			
	health and performance.				
		7-8 = Pro-active management of health and well-beir Set up an annual action plan with t			

SAND SCORING

enerate enough power.

wer but doesn't always use it appropriately.

ower and uses it appropriately.

vays uses it appropriately and to his advantage.

ons taken with a professional.

care of nutritional health.

ce for competition periods. thlete's health and well-being.

eing during competition and in everyday life. h the help of a professional.